Approved For Refer 2000/08 POR RDP80R P1448 R00 0 2 0 0 3 8 0 0 0 5 - 5 UNREST IN FRENCH NORTH AFRICA

- I. Ferment continues in French protectorates

 Morocco, Tunisia.
 - A. Morocco worst hot-spot until spring '54, but situation there (under new Resident General Lacoste) now quieter.
 - B. In contrast, Tunisia situation now worsened by upsurge terrorism.
- II. Past trouble in Morocco has included killings boycotts, destruction crops. New element nationalist negotiation, maneuver this week-open letter to Lacoste from hundred Moroccan "notables:"
 - A. Urges reinstitution civil liberties, frank discussion current problems.
 - B. This letter, plus similar plea by 75
 French residents, could become basis
 negotiations by "moderates."
 - C. In any case, 45,000 French troops in Morocco can probably maintain status quo.

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until Tunisian problem settled. There,
despite strict security measures, military
reinforcements, terrorism continues.

- A. After Tunisian cabinet resigned en masse 5 July, Bey appointed French-led group, thereby triggering flareup violence.
- B. Latest (24 July) fatality (95th since Colomb, mid-March) was French commandant Bey's guard (shot in back).

(MORE)

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- A. First is Fellagha (traditionally bandits, variously estimated from 1 to 10 thousand-based desolate interior hills, exist by raids). Fellagha now said include nationalists, deserters.
 - 1. Big upsurge incident May 1954, when bands moved northward.
 - 2. Fairly well-equipped--possibly by nationalists.
 - 3. Now believed returning hills, result heavy French pressure.
- B. Second type terrorism is sporadic killing (as case commandant) and sabotage.
 - 1. Due more anti-French feeling than pronationalist or Communist sympathies.
 - 2. Difficult control military means alone.
- C. Third is counter-terrorism by French settlers.
 - Example: settlers killed five natives
 July.

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Tunisia should help. Using curfews, search, military trials. Have 10,000 new troops, for total 26 thousand.

- A. Long term restoration order, however, dependent Paris policy.
- B. Government action expected 31 July, based following:
 - 1. Tunisians to administer internal affairs.
 - 2. France to retain control foreign affairs, defense, finance.
 - 3. Rights, status French in Tunisia to be assured.
- C. Nationalist leaders may accept such settlement, if means genuine self-government.
- D. Settlers, however, will oppose all concessions.
 - 1. Will pressure Paris, even take direct action.
 - 2. Appearance small moderate settler group, however, one new,hopeful